

Life in the Cosmos

Richard B. Hoover

NASA/VP-62

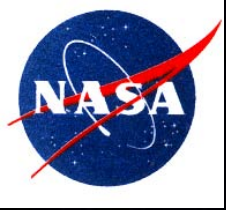
**George C. Marshall Space Flight Center
Huntsville, AL 35805**

Presentation for

SPIE Optics & Photonics

Life in the Cosmos Panel

August 23, 2011, San Diego, CA



Life in the Cosmos



All Known Life Forms Require: ***WATER,***
BIOGENIC ELEMENTS (C, H, O, N, P, S)

Minor Elements: (Na, K, Cl, Mg, Mn, Fe, Ca, Cu, Zn)

Nitrogen Required in all DNA, RNA, Proteins & Enzymes

& ENERGY

Photoautotrophs – Energy from Light

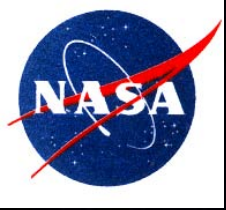
Organotrophs – Eat Organics (Sugars, Proteins, etc.)

Chemotrophs – Energy from Chemicals

Lithotrophs – Energy from Abiotic Elements/Rocks

Aerobes – Respire using Oxygen as Electron Acceptor

Anaerobes – Use Other Acceptors (NO_3 , SO_4^{2-} or S)



Life in the Cosmos



Recent Discoveries Challenge the Long Held Paradigm that Liquid Water (and Life) Can Not Exist on Present-Day Mars and Comets

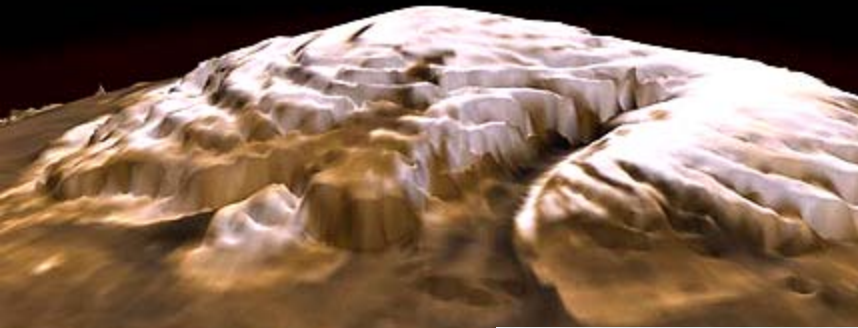
- **Microbial Extremophiles Live in Glaciers and Grow at Sub-Zero Temperatures**
- **MRO & StarDust Data Show Liquid Water Exists Episodically on Mars and in Comets**



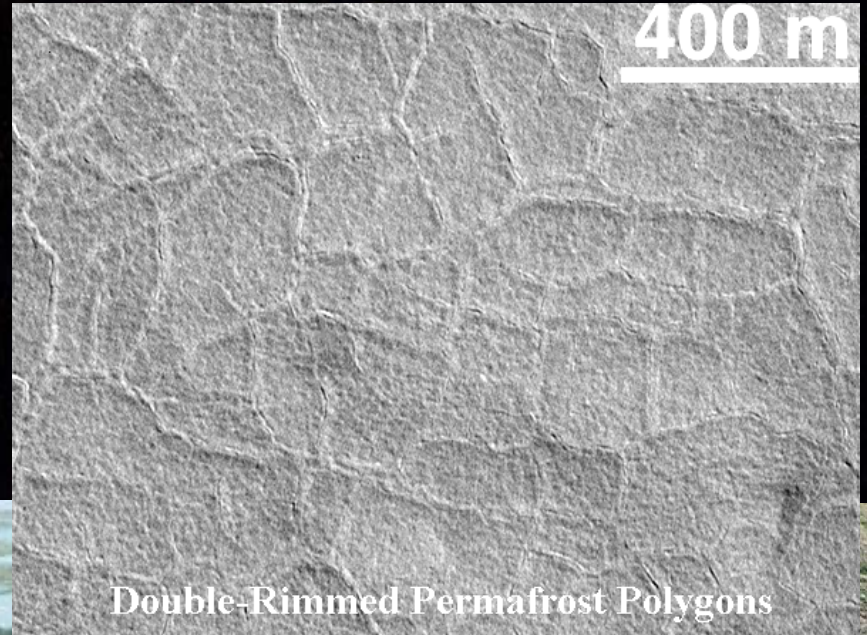
Life in the Cosmos

Evidence for Recent Water on Mars

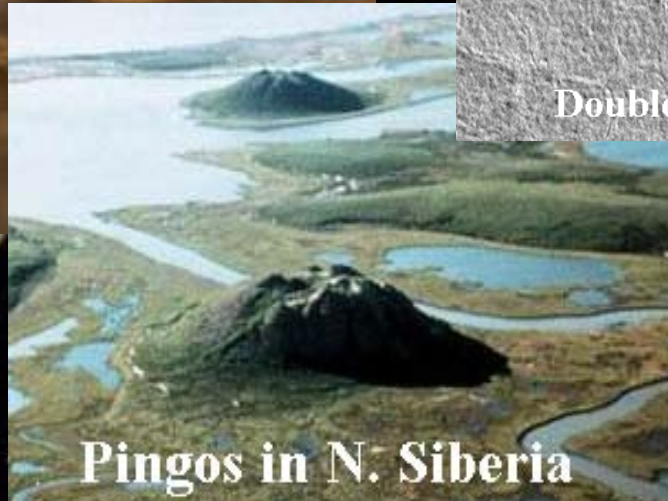
Mars Global Suveyor



Pingos



Double-Rimmed Permafrost Polygons



Pingos in N. Siberia

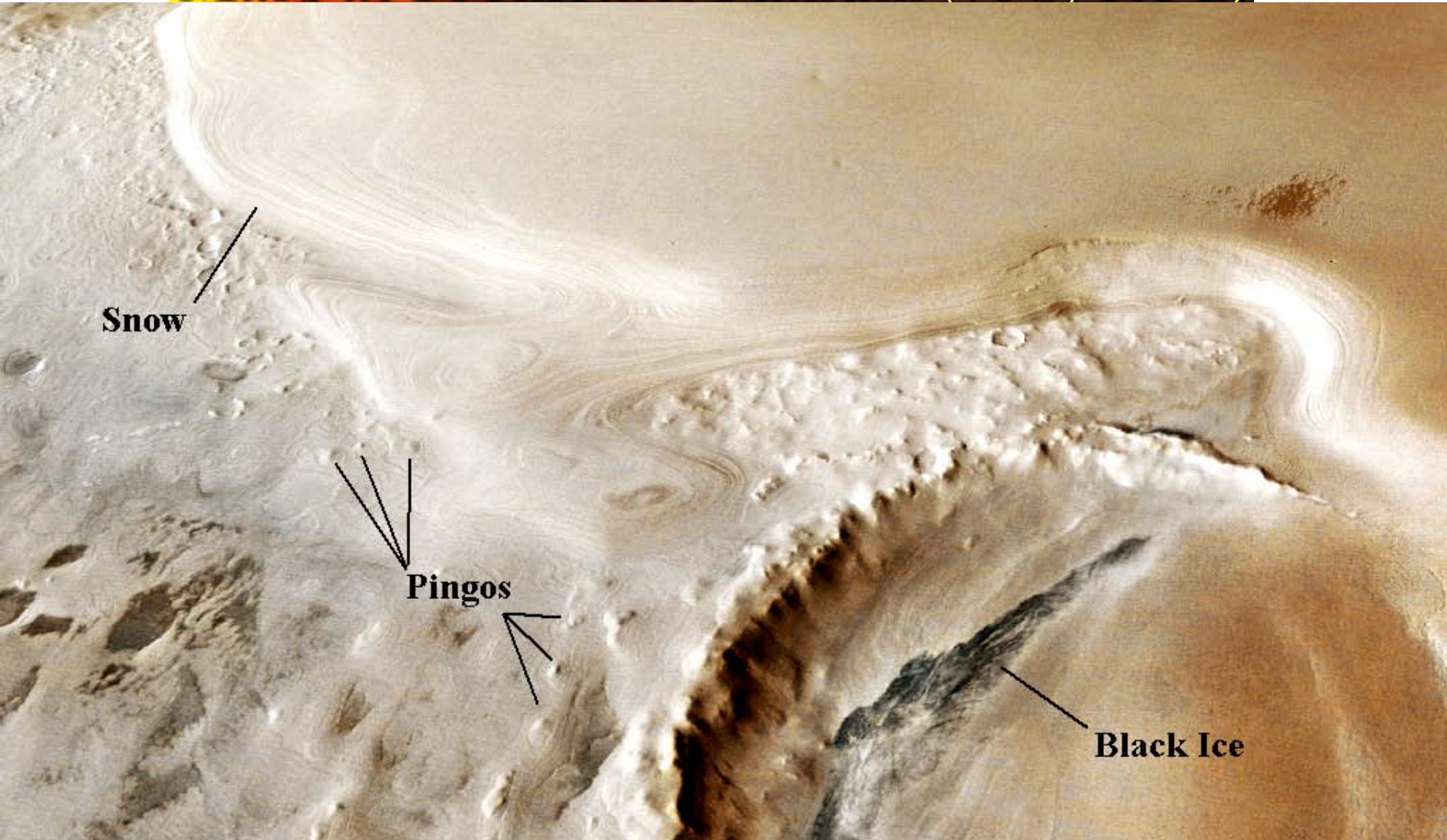


Double-Rimmed Polygons in Siberia

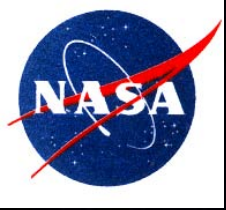
Pingos and Double-Rimmed Polygons form only by Freeze-Thaw Cycles in Permafrost. N. Polar Cap of (Mars (1,200 km dia. X 3 km) Water Ice with Pingos & Polygons



ESA/HRSC Image of Snow & Pingos on Mars at Promethei Planum (76 S; 105 E)

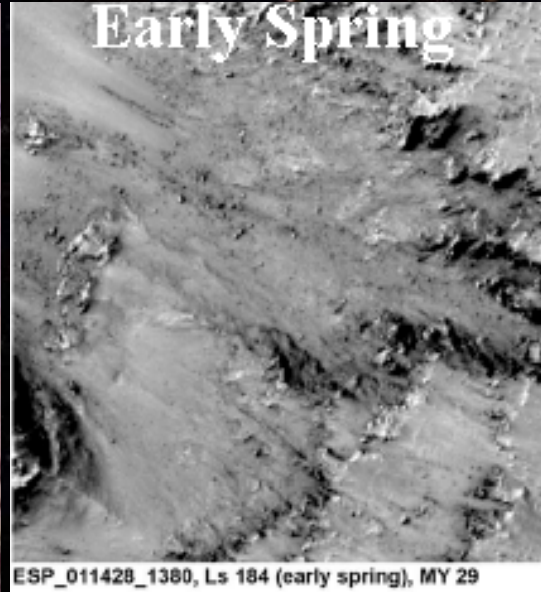
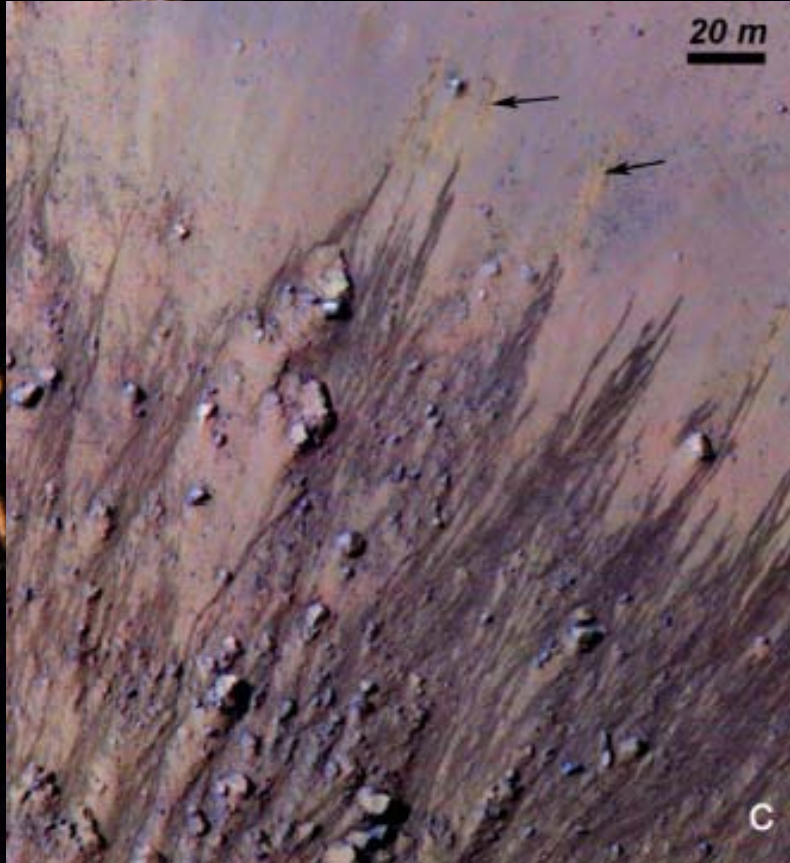


Sept. 22, 2005-HRSC on ESA Mars Express Spacecraft Discovers 3,500 M thick layer of Water Ice & Snow with Pingos at Promethei Planum



Life in the Cosmos

Evidence for Recent Water on Mars



Seasonal Flows on Warm Martian Slopes
Alfred S. McEwen, *et al.*, *Science* **333**, 740 (2011)

MRO HiRISE Images of Recurring Slope Lineae

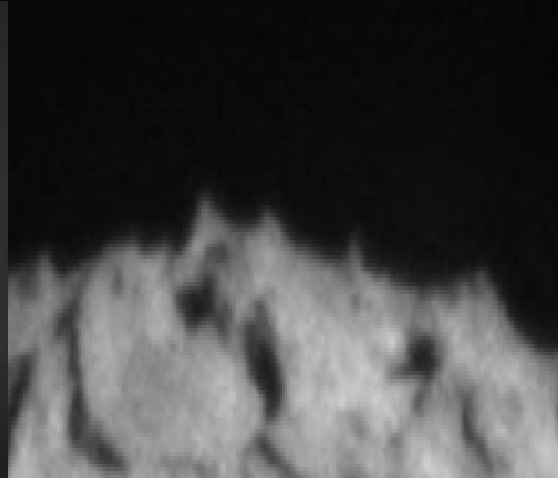


Hot, Black, Wet, Comet Nuclei ~ CI1 Carbonaceous Meteorites

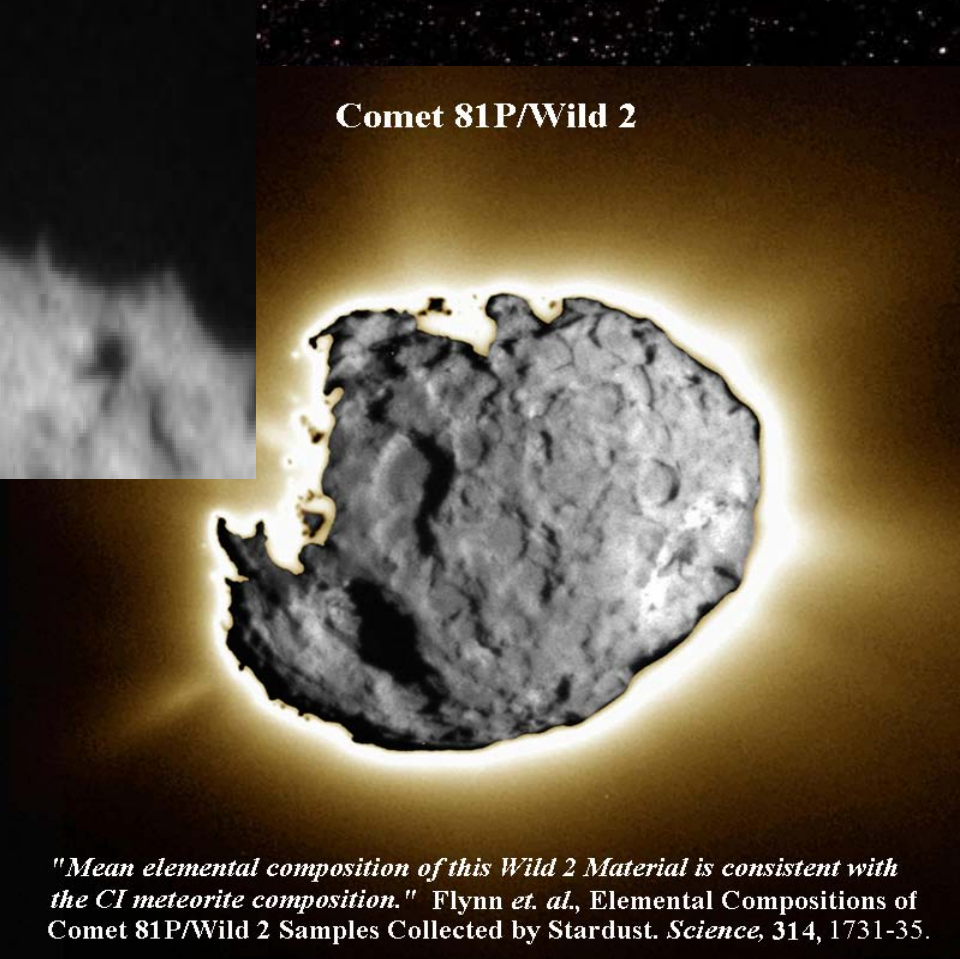
Comet 1P/Halley



| | |
|----------|--------------------------|
| Vega IKS | $T_{\max} = 400\text{K}$ |
| Giotto | Albedo 0.03 |
| Orgueil | Albedo 0.02 |



Comet 81P/Wild 2



"Mean elemental composition of this Wild 2 Material is consistent with the CI meteorite composition." Flynn et. al., Elemental Compositions of Comet 81P/Wild 2 Samples Collected by Stardust. *Science*, 314, 1731-35.

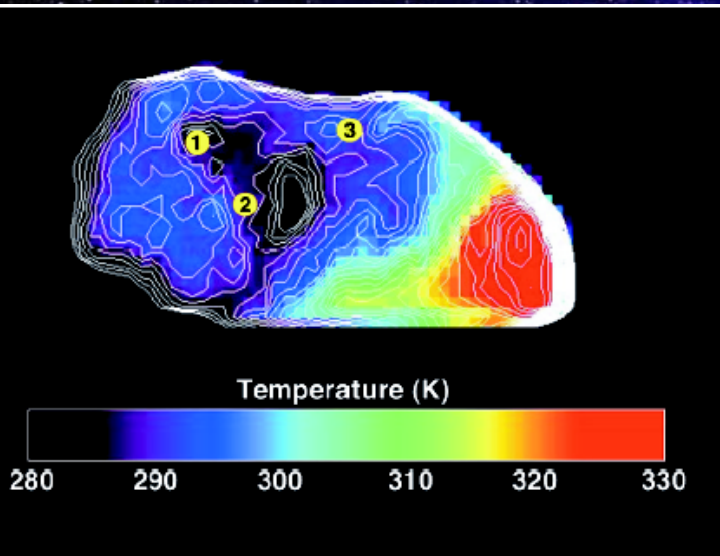
Galileo Image of Comet Halley Nucleus (Albedo 0.03 ~ Orgueil 0.02)
Stardust Images Pinnacles, Cliffs & Jets of Comet 81P/Wild 2



Water Ice on Comet Nucleus

Sunshine et al. *Exposed Water Ice Deposits on the Surface of Comet 9P/Tempel 1* Science 311, 1453, 2006

Comet 9P/Tempel 1



Deep Impact Images of Water Ice on Nucleus of Comet 9P/Tempel 1

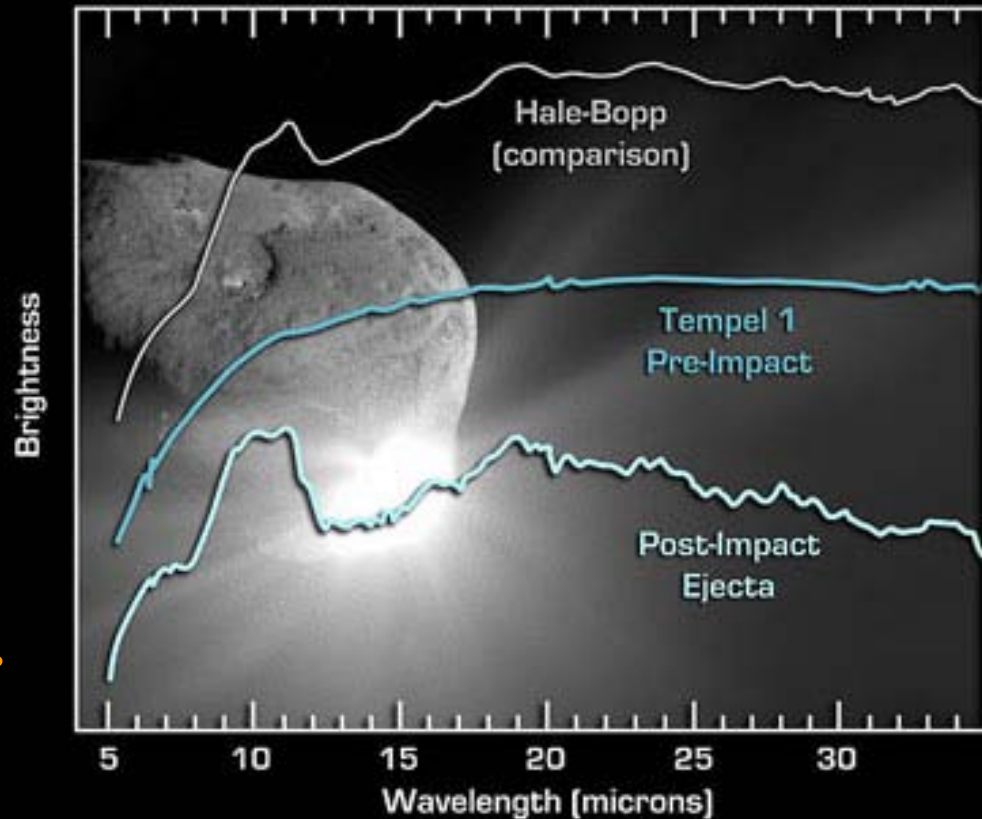


Spitzer IRS Data on Temple 1



Spitzer IRS Post-Impact data show at least 50% of Comet 9P/Temple 1 is Water Ice. Also detected were H-CN, Methanol, CO, CO₂, PAHs, Clays and Carbonates.

Rotation Period ~41 Hrs. changes with Jets and Comet Activity.



Comet Tempel 1 Deep Impact Results

NASA / JPL-Caltech / C. Lisse (Johns Hopkins Univ./Univ. of Maryland)

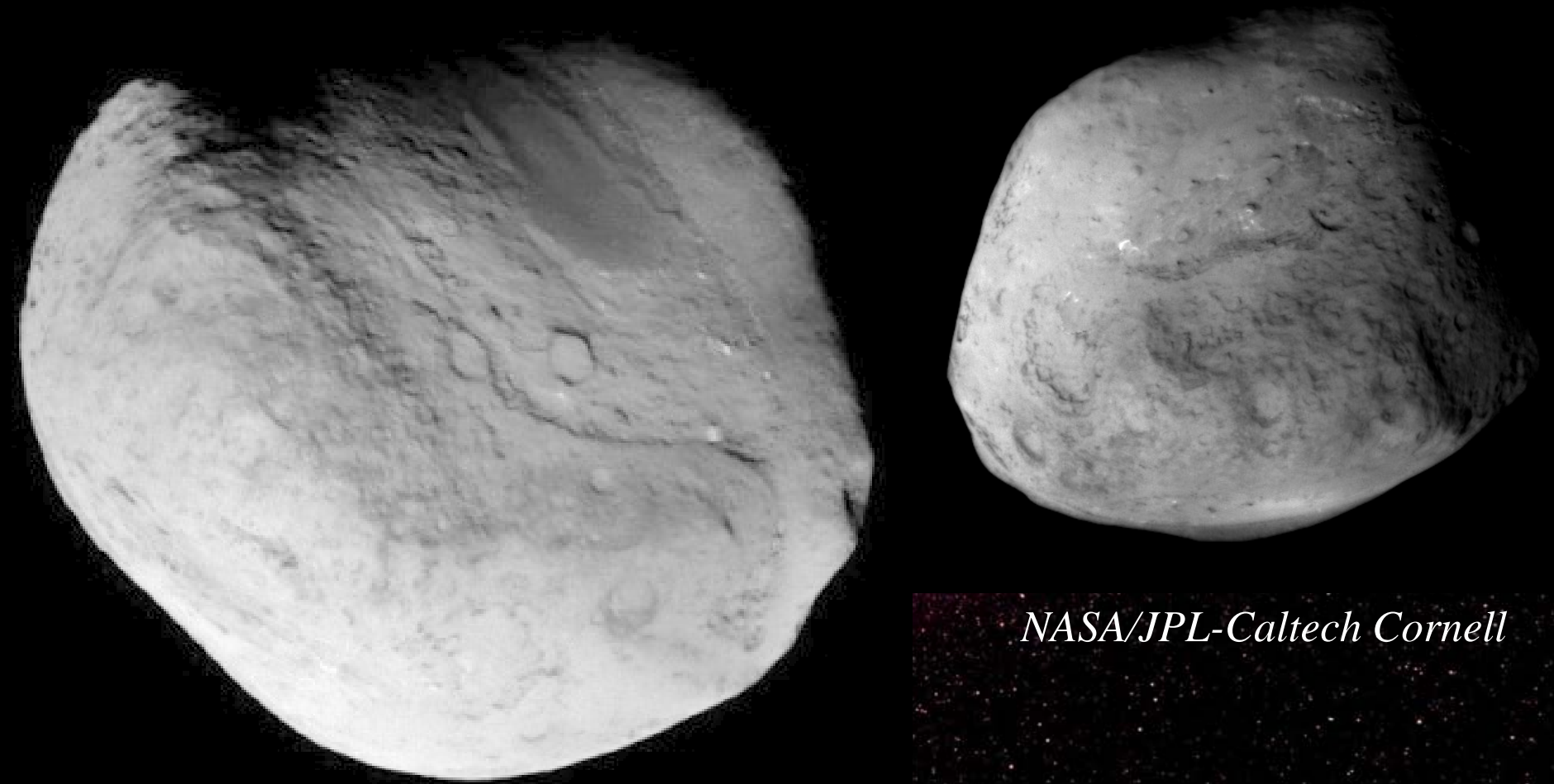
Spitzer Space Telescope • IRS

(Hale-Bopp spectrum: ISO • SWIS)

ssc2005-18a



Feb. 14, 2011 Stardust NExT Images of Comet 9P/Tempel 1



NASA/JPL-Caltech Cornell

Stardust NExT Images of Comet 9P/Tempel 1 8:39 p.m. PST



Extraterrestrial Glycine, Cubanite & Water in Orgueil and Comet 81P/Wild 2



Extraterrestrial Glycine & Cubanite Found in Stardust Samples returned from Comet 81P/Wild 2

$$\delta^{13}\text{C} = +29 \pm 6\text{‰}$$

Elsila, J. E., Glavin, D. P., and Dworkin, J. P.
“Cometary Glycine detected in samples returned by Stardust. *Meteoritics and Planetary Science*, **44**, 1323-1330 (2010).

**Hydrothermal synthesis of cubanite
under conditions relevant to the
CI-chondrite parent body**

E. L. BERGER^{*1}, D. S. LAURETTA¹ AND L. P. KELLER²



Orthorhombic Cubanite (CuFe_2S_3) found in Comet Wild 2 & Orgueil CI1 Meteorite forms in Liquid Water at Temperature 20 – 150 °C; pH 7-10



Nitrogen in Biology

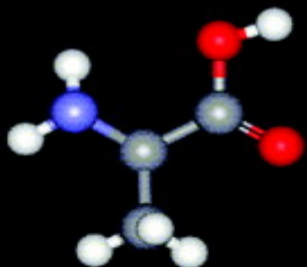


Nitrogen in DNA and Iron Hydrogenase

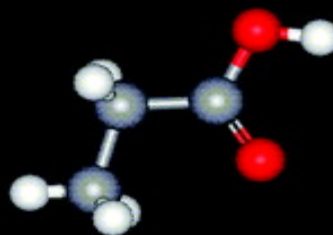


Chiral Biomarkers in Murchison Meteorite

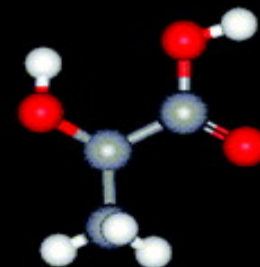
- hydrogen
- carbon
- nitrogen
- oxygen
- sulphur



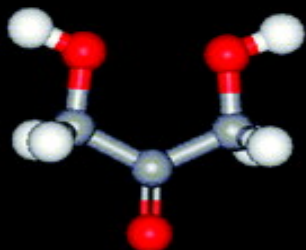
**L-Alanine, L-Glutamic Acid,
L-Aspartic Acid, GLY, AIB, IVA**
amino acids



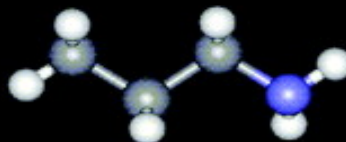
**Propionic acid - Metabolism of Sugars
and Fatty Acids by Propionyl Coenzyme-A**
carboxylic acids



**Lactic acid-Pyruvate Oxid.
Stecker-Cyanohydrin Synth.**
hydroxyacids



**Polyols and Dihydroxyacetone
DNA; RNA; Membranes; Energy**
sugar-related
compounds

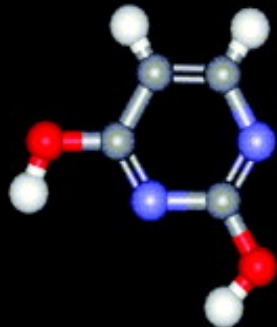


**17.8% L-Enantiomeric
Excess of sec-butyl amine**
amines



**Amide linkage - Defining
Molecular Feature of Proteins**
amides

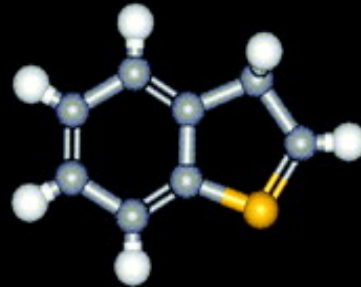
MISSING: Cytosine and Thymine
Cytosine =>Uracil 17,000 yr. Half Life



**PURINES: Adenine, Guanine,
Xanthine, Hypoxanthine**

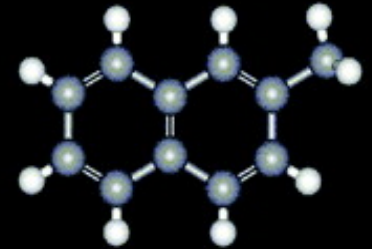
PYRIMIDINE: Uracil

nitrogen
heterocycles



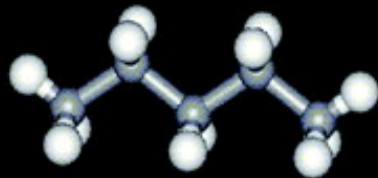
**Benzothiophene, Dibenzothiophene
Found in Lignite Tar**

sulphur
heterocycles



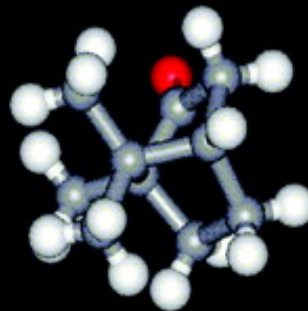
**Over 30 Polynuclear Aromatic
Hydrocarbons -- Kerogens**

aromatic
hydrocarbons



**Cycloalkanes and Diverse Suite of C15-C30
Branched Mono, Di- and Tri-Cyclic Alkanes**

aliphatic
hydrocarbons

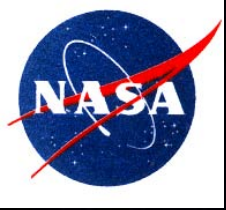


**Polymers of Isoprenes (C₅H₈)_n
Major Building Blocks of All Life**

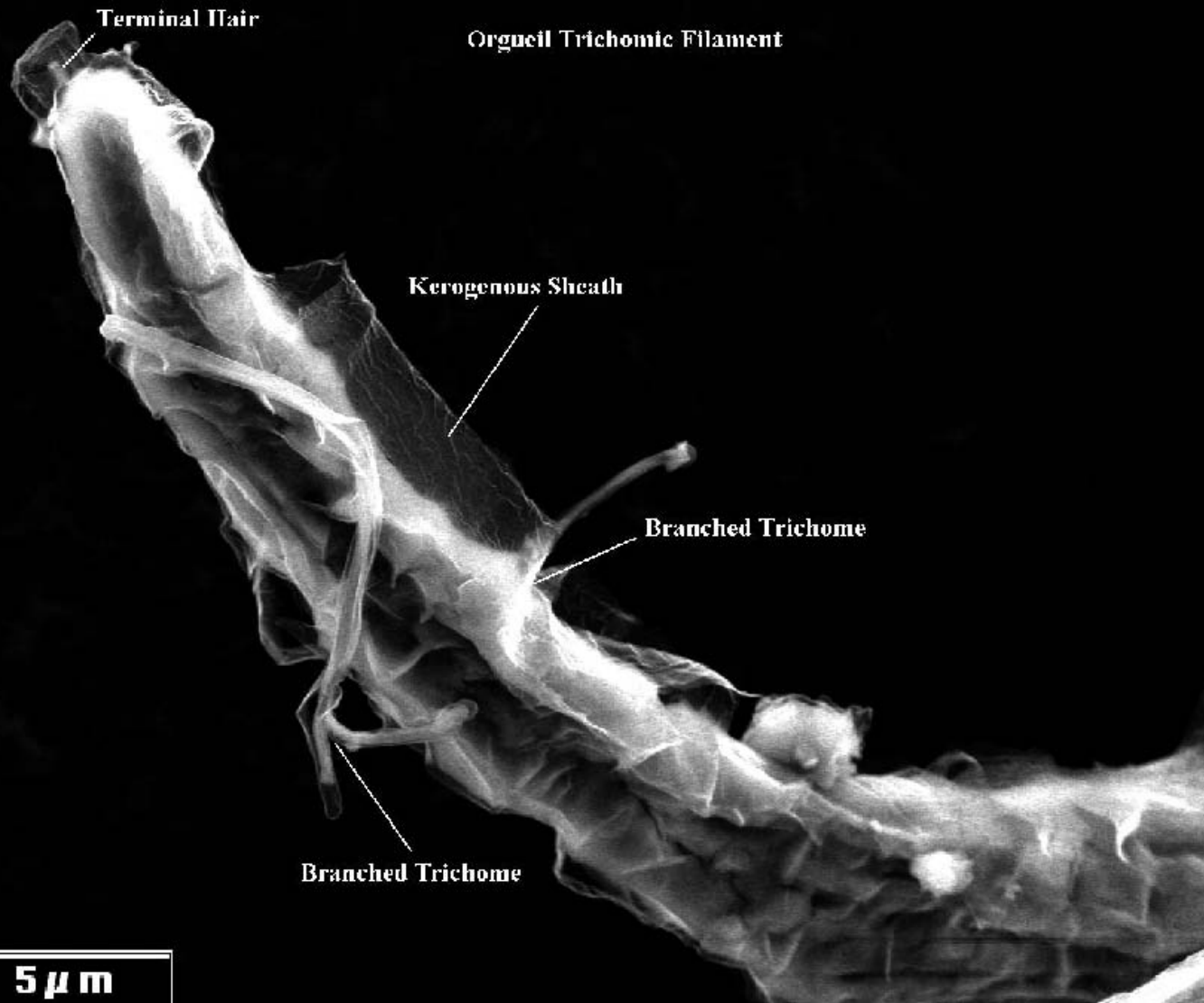
terpenes

legend

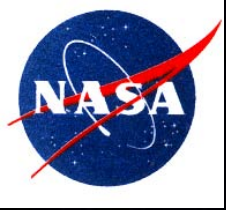
- hydrogen
- carbon
- nitrogen
- oxygen
- sulphur



Life in the Cosmos



Orgueil Trichomic Filament: $O/C < 0.1$; $N < 0.5$



Life in the Cosmos



Conclusions

Discoveries by NASA & ESA Spacecraft provide additional evidence for present day liquid water on Mars and water/ice jets on Comets & Enceladus.

Stardust mineralogical data support the Hypothesis that water-rich Comets represent parent bodies for the CI1 Carbonaceous Meteorites.

Undetectable Nitrogen & low O/C ratios in Filaments found in CI1 Orgueil meteorite rule out Modern Biological Contamination Hypothesis.